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# Number Routines with Numberblocks 

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## The Counting Principles:

(1) Stable Order/Standard Order
2) One to One
(3) Cardinality
4) Conservation of Cardinality
(5) Successor

## Stable Order

## When counting, the list of words used to count must be said in a repeatable order.

## Standard Order

When counting, the names of the counting numbers are always said in the same order, and that order is meaningful.

## One to One

When counting a set of objects, each and every object in the set is tagged with one and only one number in the counting sequence and each number with one and only one object.
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## Cardinality

When counting (in accordance with the standard order and one to one principles) the last number word spoken describes an important characteristic of the whole set. The last number word indicates the cardinality of the set.

## Conservation of Cardinality

The cardinality of a set remains stable when:
-The order in which the objects in the set are counted is changed, or -The objects in the set are rearranged or transformed.

## Successor

## There is a number that is one greater than every counting number.

## Important Counting Concepts

- Subitizing
(2) Unitizing
(3) Hierarchal Inclusion


## Subitizing

## Subitizing is quickly recognizing and naming the number in a group without counting.

## Unitizing

## Understanding that you can count a large group of items by counting smaller, equal groups of items from within the large group.

## Hierarchal Inclusion

Each cardinal number includes those that come before it. The number 7 contains a set of 6 , a set of 5 , a set of 4 , etc.


Sarama \& Clements, 2009

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## Why Routines?

## When students know HOW the experience will go, they <br> are better able and more likely to engage in the WHAT we hope they learn.

## Some popular routines that that teachers are using

-Number talks
-Splat
-How Many?
-Which One Doesn't Belong?
-Math Flips
-Ways to Make $\qquad$
-Three Act Tasks
-Counting Collections
-Notice/Wonder


## Why Number Routines with Numberblocks?

-Help students to see and experience the core counting principles and ancillary ideas
-Each episode allows students to engage in foundational mathematical ideas and concepts ideas and concepts
-Short videos engage and meet
students where they are -Short videos engage and meet
students where they are

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-Hands-on development of some "big ideas" in mathematics with focus on the Counting Principles
-Routine structure allows students a safe place to discuss, take risks, and collaborate with peers
-Repeatable lessons are low-prep and high-engagement
-Supports wide variety of learning styles with visual, auditory, and kinesthetic components in every lesson

# THANK YOU: 

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