Number Routines with Numberblocks

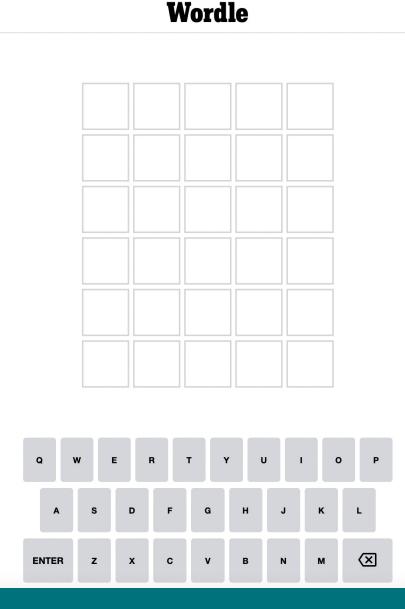
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Why Routines?



Let's start by talking about Wordle





Wordle is Just a Routine

-Short and the stakes are LOW

-You aren't expected to get it right on the first try – in fact, it's less interesting if you do

-Predictable (the rules never change)

-Mistakes help you move forward

-It's adaptable (variations within the game & with those that you play with)

-People who don't normally play word games (like myself) still love to play



Math Routines

- -Short and the stakes are LOW
- -You aren't expected to get it right on the first try in fact, it's less interesting if you do
- -Predictable (the rules never change)
- -Mistakes help you move forward
- -It's adaptable (variations within the game & with those that you play with)
- -People who aren't always engaged in math still love to engage



Some popular routines that that teachers are using

- -Number talks
- -Splat
- -How Many?
- -Which One Doesn't Belong? -Math Flips

- -Ways to Make ____
- -Three Act Tasks
- -Counting Collections
- -Notice/Wonder
- -Number Routines with
- NumberBlocks (Coming SOON!)



For many students, math class is intimidating.

Math class often focuses on what students don't know, creating a more fearful environment that is difficult to learn and succeed in.

When students know HOW the experience will go, they are better able and more likely to engage in the WHAT we hope they learn.



The Counting Principles:

- Stable Order/Standard Order
- 2 One to One
- 3 Cardinality
- 4 Conservation of Cardinality
- 5 Successor

Stable Order

When counting, the list of words used to count must be said in a repeatable order.

Standard Order

When counting, the names of the counting numbers are always said in the same order, and that order is meaningful.

One to One

When counting a set of objects, each and every object in the set is tagged with one and only one number in the counting sequence and each number with one and only one object.

Cardinality

When counting (in accordance with the standard order and one to one principles) the last number word spoken describes an important characteristic of the whole set. The last number word indicates the cardinality of the set.



Conservation of Cardinality

The cardinality of a set remains stable when:

The order in which the objects in the set are counted is changed, or
The objects in the set are rearranged or transformed.





There is a number that is one greater than every counting number.



Important Counting Concepts

- Subitizing
- 2 Unitizing
- **3** Hierarchal Inclusion



Subitizing

Subitizing is quickly recognizing and naming the number in a group without counting.



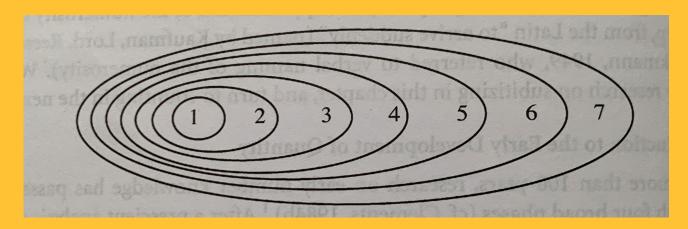
Unitizing

Understanding that you can count a large group of items by counting smaller, equal groups of items from within the large group.



Hierarchal Inclusion

Each cardinal number includes those that come before it. The number 7 contains a set of 6, a set of 5, a set of 4, etc.



Sarama & Clements, 2009









-Help students to see and experience the core counting principles and ancillary ideas

-Each episode allows students to engage in foundational mathematical ideas and concepts

-Short videos engage and meet students where they are





- -Hands-on development of some "big ideas" in mathematics with focus on the Counting Principles
- -Routine structure allows students a safe place to discuss, take risks, and collaborate with peers
 - -Repeatable lessons are low-prep and high-engagement
 - -Supports wide variety of learning styles with visual, auditory, and kinesthetic components in every lesson



THANK YOU!

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